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The Legislative Branch

Who?	House of Representatives	<u>Senate</u>
	has <u>435</u> members	has <u>100</u> members
Requirements	* at least <u>25</u> years old * U.S. citizen for <u>7</u> years * <u>live</u> in state they rep- resent	* at least <u>30</u> years old * U.S. citizen for <u>9</u> years * <u>live</u> in state they rep- resent
Term	* serve for <u>2</u> years	* serve for <u>6</u> years
Special Powers	* must introduce laws that make people pay taxes * can decide if a government official should be put on tri- al before the Senate	* must approve treaties * must approve people President chooses for jobs * can hold a trial for government officials
Powers	* to make laws * to tax the people * to raise an army and navy to defend the country * to declare war * to create a court system * to coin money * to regulate trade between states * to regulate trade between U.S. and other countries	
Limits on Power	* cannot make <u>unfair laws that limit people's rights</u> * Supreme Court can <u>declare a law unconstitutional</u> * President can <u>veto a law</u>	

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The Executive Branch

Who?	* headed by the president	
Requirements	* at least <u>35</u> years old * a natural-born citizen of the United States	
Term	* serves for 4 years * may serve 2 terms	
Other Members	 * vice-president * members of cabinet (called secretaries) * officials of independent agencies such as CIA 	
Powers	* serves as head of state in meetings with leaders of other countries * commander in chief of armed forces * makes treaties with other countries * appoints ambassadors and judges * conducts war * recommends laws to Congress * calls Congress together in special circumstances * serves as "boss" of federal government workers * signs or vetos bills from Congress	
Limits on Power	can <u>conduct</u> a war, but only Congress can <u>declare</u> it * <u>commander</u> in chief but Congress controls <u>money</u> * Senate must approve <u>treaties</u> and <u>appointments</u> * House of Representatives has power to <u>impeach</u> * Senate has power to hold <u>trial</u> after impeachment	

The Judicial Branch

Who?	* the <u>Supreme Court</u> has <u>9</u> Justices	
Requirements	* <u>no</u> requirements but so far all Supreme Court Justices have been trained in the <u>law</u>	
Term	* serve for <u>life</u> unless they <u>resign</u> , <u>retire</u> , or are <u>im-</u> <u>peached</u> by the House of Representatives and con- victed by the <u>Senate</u>	
Other Members	* judges of lower federal courts who are also appointed by the president and approved by the Senate. * also serve for life or until they resign, retire, or are convicted by the Senate	
Powers	* to declare a law made by Congress unconstitutional * to declare an action of the President unconstitutional * to declare a state law unconstitutional if it conflicts with the laws made by Congress or with the Constitution	
Limits on Power	* Congress has the power to impeach, try, and remove Justices and federal judges from office * do not have the power to enforce their decisions, president does this.	